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* IN THE HIGH COURT OF DELHI AT NEW DELHI

% Decision delivered on: 28.05.2024

+ MAT.APP.(F.C.) 180/2024 &CM Nos.32316-18/2024

.... Appellant

Through: Mr Prateek Goswami, Adv.

versus

..... Respondent

Through: None.

CORAM:

HON'BLE MR. JUSTICE RAJIV SHAKDHER HON'BLE MR. JUSTICE AMIT BANSAL

[Physical Hearing/Hybrid Hearing (as per request)]

RAJIV SHAKDHER, J. (ORAL):

CM No.32318/2024

1. Allowed, subject to just exceptions.

CM No.32317/2024[Application filed on behalf of the appellant seeking condonation of delay of 6 days in filing the appeal]

- 2. This is an application filed on behalf of the appellant seeking condonation of delay in filing the appeal.
- 2.1 According to the appellant, there is a delay of 6 days.
- 3. Having regard to the period involved, we are inclined to condone the delay.
- 3.1 It is ordered accordingly.



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4. The application is, accordingly, disposed of.

MAT.APP.(F.C.) 180/2024&CM No.32316/2024[Application filed on behalf of the appellant seeking interim relief]

- 5. This appeal is directed against the judgment and order dated 15.04.2024, whereby the application filed by the respondent/wife under Section 24 of the Hindu Marriage Act, 1955 [in short, "HMA"] was disposed of.
- 6. *Via* the impugned judgment, the Family Court has directed the appellant/husband to pay Rs.75,000/- per month to the respondent/wife, commencing from the date of the application, with yearly increase in maintenance at the rate of 7%, effective from 01.04.2025.
- 6.1 The aforementioned cumulative maintenance sum awarded by the Family Court was both for the respondent/wife and the girl child.
- 7. The record shows that the couple entered into matrimony on 06.02.2018.
- 7.1 The record also discloses that from the wedlock, the couple have a girl child, who is about five years old.
- 8. The Family Court, after looking at the status of the couple and examining the material on record, has concluded the defence taken by the appellant/husband that he earns Rs.40,000/- to Rs.41,000/- per month did not commensurate with the transactions reflected in his bank account.
- 9. It is not disputed by the learned counsel for the appellant/husband that the appellant/husband is a professional architect and has set up his own company for rendering professional services.
- 9.1 Paragraphs 9 to 11 of the impugned judgment broadly indicate the income that the appellant/husband has been earning. For the sake of brevity, the said





paragraphs are not reproduced herein. Suffice it to say that a similar analysis was carried out by the Family Court *vis-à-vis* the respondent/wife as well.

- 10. To be noted, the respondent/wife is a post–graduate in Mass Communication. A finding of fact has been returned that after separation, she has been living with her parents and is not employed.
- 11. The respondent/wife had asked for a cumulative monthly maintenance of Rs.2,00,000/- per month, which has been pared-down, as indicated above, to Rs.75,000/- per month.
- 12. We may also note that the learned counsel for the appellant/husband has submitted that the respondent/wife is living in adultery.
- 12.1 In this regard, our attention has been drawn to certain photographs which are appended to the appeal.
- 12.2 On being queried, as to whether in the reply, which was filed to the application filed by the respondent/wife under Section 24 of the HMA, this averment was made, the learned counsel for the appellant/husband fairly conceded that there was no mention of this aspect in the reply.
- 13. We have looked at the photographs. It is not clear as to whether the respondent/wife is the person in the photographs, as alluded to by the learned counsel for the appellant/husband.
- 13.1 We may take judicial notice of the fact that we are living in the era of deepfakes and, therefore, this is an aspect that the appellant/husband, perhaps, would have to prove by way of evidence before the Family Court.
- 14. Since the petition instituted for divorce by the appellant/husband is pending adjudication, if this issue is pressed, the court may give opportunity to





the parties to place their evidence on record in support of their respective cases.

- 15. Notably, this aspect, which is vehemently pressed before us, almost as a measure of desperation to wriggle out of the obligation cast in the impugned judgment, finds no mention in the impugned judgment.
- 15.1 The learned counsel for the appellant/husband says that this aspect was raised before the Family Court, however, it was ignored while rendering the judgment.
- 15.2 If this was the situation, the best course open to the appellant/husband was to move an application for review before the Family Court. However, no such measure has been taken recourse to by the appellant/husband.
- 16. We find no merit in the appeal. The appeal is, accordingly, dismissed.
- 17. Consequently, the pending application shall stand closed.
- 18. Parties will act based on the digitally signed copy of the order.

RAJIV SHAKDHER, J

AMIT BANSAL, J

MAY 28, 2024

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